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This listing of the claims replaces all prior versions in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously Presented) An implantable prosthesis of shape generally similar to that of a spinal intervertebral disc devoid of internal reinforcing material and rigid endplates, comprised of a biocompatible elastomer with an ultimate strength in tension greater than about 100 kiloPascals, that exhibits the flexibility to allow at least 10 degrees of rotation between the top and bottom faces with torsions of at least 1 N-m without failing.

- 2. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the device has a compressive strength sufficient to withstand a compressive load greater than 1 MegaPascals.
- 3. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the device has an ultimate strength in tension and compression which is greater than 1 MPa.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the device is a molded freeze-thaw body formed of a single solid elastomeric cryogel material formed from a mold formulation of polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) powder in an amount of between about 25% to 50% by weight and solvent.
- 5. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the elastomer has a compressive strength at least 1.0 MPa.
- 6. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the elastomer has a compressive strength of at least 10 MPa.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the device has a compressive modulus of elasticity that is between 0.1 MPa and 10 M[[pa]]Pa.

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8. (Withdrawn) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the elastomer has elasticity that is not constant or that is anisotropic.

- 9. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the delivered size of the prosthesis can passively expand in at least one dimension over one day, in saline.
- 10. (Withdrawn) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the delivered size of the prosthesis can expand at least 5% in at least one dimension in vivo without injection of material over one day, in saline.
- 11. (Withdrawn) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the delivered size of the prosthesis can expand at least 20% over one day in at least one dimension in vivo and can generate a cranial-caudal force of greater than 1 Newton.
- 12. (Withdrawn) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the delivered size of the prosthesis can expand at least 100% by a combination of springs and elastomeric components.
- 13. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 the elastomer defines an exposed surface that is modified to provide specific surface characteristics.
- 14. (Original) A prosthesis according to Claim 13 wherein the surface characteristics are physically or biochemically modified to provide enhanced adhesion to a vertebral body.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 13 wherein the surface includes a fabric.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 13 wherein the surface includes a mesh.

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17. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 13 wherein the surface includes a porous structure with undercuts.

- 18. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 13 wherein the surface includes a rough surface greater than 5 nanometers.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 13 wherein the surface includes a bioactive molecule.
- 20. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the top and bottom surfaces have surface characteristics that allow cellular ingrowth.
- 21. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein surface characteristics of the elastomer are biochemically modified to provide enhanced water transport.
- 22. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein surface characteristics of the prosthesis are physically modified to provide enhanced chemical transport.
- 23. (Currently Amended) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the device is a unitary non-articulating body devoid-of endplates, and wherein the body is made of a single solid elastomer, and wherein the prosthesis includes upper and lower with extensions extending above and below the solid elastomer body for fixation to the adjacent vertebral bodies.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the prosthesis includes a ring of continuous fiber.

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- 25. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 that contains appendages to allow for physical attachment to the vertebral body and to prevent dislodgement *in situ*.
- 26. (Previously Presented) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the prosthesis body material is a monolithic cryogel.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the material is a composite material composed of more than one substance.
- 28. (Original) A prosthesis according to Claim 1 that is a permanent implantable medical device.
- 29. (Currently Amended) A sterile prosthesis according to Claim 1 wherein the prosthesis has a body that is an oval or kidney shape for use as a total disc replacement spinal disc prosthesis that substantially corresponds to a shape of a human spinal disc and is devoid of endplates and allows motion between adjacent vertebrae, has exposed fibers on the cranial and caudal surfaces thereof, and wherein the body is a non-articulating solid monolithic cryogel body having an ultimate compressive and tensile strength greater than about 1 MPa, an ultimate tensile stretch greater than about 15% in at least one direction, and comprises extensions from the body for attachment to sides of a vertebrae.

30-33. (Canceled)

34. (Currently Amended) An implantable non-articulating total disc replacement spinal disc body having a superior surface and an inferior surface joined by a circumferential surface, the body defined by a solid biocompatible freeze-thaw hydrogel devoid of internal reinforcement material inside the disc body with an ultimate strength in tension greater than

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about 100 kiloPascals that exhibits the flexibility to allow at least 2 degrees of rotation between the superior and inferior faces with torsions of at least 0.01 N-m without failing.

- 35. (Currently Amended) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 34 wherein the implantable spinal disc superior and inferior surfaces are substantially that of a kidney corresponding to a human spinal intervertebral disc shape, shaped and formed by an extended oval surface and an indented surface, wherein the cross-section of the implantable spinal disc is substantially rectangular, and wherein the body consists essentially of the solid freeze-thaw hydrogel and fabric mesh, wherein the fabric is molded to the disc body and extends beyond the body molded to define fixation appendages only to exterior surfaces-thereof.
- 36. (Original) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 34, wherein the periphery of the superior and inferior surfaces is substantially flat.
- 37. (Original) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 34, wherein the superior and inferior surfaces have a roughness index of between about 1 nm and about 2 mm in height.
- 38. (Original) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 37, wherein the circumferential surface has a roughness index of less than 1 mm.
- 39. (Original) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 34, wherein the implantable spinal disc body is at least partially surrounded by an attachment extension member having a plurality of superior and inferior tabs connected to a band member for attachment of the implantable spinal disc to adjacent superior and inferior vertebral surfaces, respectively.
- 40. (Currently Amended) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 34, wherein the superior and inferior surfaces are covered with a surface treatment to promote attachment to adjacent vertebral bodies, and wherein the disc body is devoid of <u>rigid</u> endplates and consists essentially of a monolithic freeze-thaw polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) hydrogel.

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- 41. (Previously Presented) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 34, wherein the superior and inferior surfaces have a plurality of pores to promote tissue ingrowth.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 34 wherein an anterior portion of the implantable spinal disc body is of greater thickness than a posterior portion, and wherein the body is configured to have an ultimate strength in tension and compression of at least 1 MPa, and is configured to allow for 10 degrees of rotation with torsions of at least 1 N-m without failing.
- 43. (Currently Amended) An implantable spinal total disc replacement body consisting essentially of a biocompatible solid polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) cryogel devoid of any internal reinforcing material, the body having an ultimate strength in tension greater than about 100 kiloPascals and sufficient elasticity to allow for shock absorption and flexibility of motion between adjacent vertebrae that allows at least 10 degrees of rotation between the top and bottom faces with torsions of at least 1 N-m without failing, the body shaped to have:

a substantially concave superior surface having a substantially flat periphery surface; a substantially convex inferior surface having substantially flat periphery; the superior and inferior surfaces being joined by a circumferential surface; and the implantable spinal disc body being further characterized as being of a kidney shape formed by an extended oval surface and an indented portion, having a substantially rectangular cross-section, and having an anterior portion of greater thickness than a posterior portion.

44. (Original) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 43 wherein the superior and inferior surfaces have a roughness index of between about 1 nm and about 2 mm in height and the circumferential surface has a roughness index of less than 1 mm.

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45. (Previously Presented) The implantable spinal disc body of claim 43 further comprising:

an attachment extension band member at least partially surrounding the circumferential surface of the implantable spinal disc body; and

superior and inferior tabs extending from said attachment extension band member for attachment of the implantable spinal disc body to adjacent superior and inferior vertebral surfaces, respectively.

- 46. (Currently Amended) A prosthesis according to Claim 43, wherein the device is a non-articulating body devoid of <u>rigid</u> endplates.
- 47. (Currently Amended) The implantable spinal disc according to Claim 43, wherein the device has a non-articulating passively expandable monolithic body of freeze-thaw cryogel that defines a core and annulus of the spinal disc implant, and wherein the disc includes fabric moldably attached thereto that extends beyond the body to define fixation appendages.
- 48. (Currently Amended) An implantable spinal total disc replacement having a flexible single-piece non-articulating solid body devoid of rigid endplates, the body having a nucleus and annulus that are both defined by a crystalline PVA hydrogel and is devoid of internal reinforcing material, the body having a shape generally similar to that of a human spinal intervertebral disc with opposing top and bottom faces, wherein the crystalline PVA hydrogel has an ultimate tensile and compressive strength of at least about 100 kiloPascals and exhibits sufficient flexibility to allow at least 2 degrees of rotation between the top and bottom faces with torsions of at least 0.01 N-m without failing.
- 49. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, further comprising a fabric band attached to an axially extending circumferential surface of the body.

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50. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the band is molded to the axially extending circumferential surface of the body.

- 51. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, further comprising a porous material attached to superior (top) and inferior (bottom) surfaces of the body to allow for tissue ingrowth from adjacent vertebral tissue *in situ*.
- 52. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the body is configured to passively axially expand *in situ*.
- 53. (Withdrawn) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the body is configured to passively axially expand *in situ* between about-5% to about 600% over at least about 24 hours.
- 54. (Withdrawn) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the body is configured to swell from 5% to six times its original size over expand in height ex vivo about 50% over about 24 hours when placed in a bath of Normal saline.
- 55. (Withdrawn) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the body has anisotropic elasticity.
- 56. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the body is monolithic and has substantially the same durometer for locations proximate the nucleus and the annulus.
- 57. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, further comprising at least one inferior tab and at least one superior tab extending from the body.
 - 58. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the body is

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configured to passively expand, and wherein the body further comprises fabric moldably attached thereto with appendages extending outwardly from the body for attaching the disc to sides of target vertebrae.

- 59. (Currently Amended) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the disc body has a fabric covering molded to into the disc body to extend beyond the disc body to define fabric appendages used to affix the disc body to target vertebrae.
- 60. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the body has an ultimate strength in tension and compression of at least 1 MPa to thereby provide a relatively compliant body that has sufficient elasticity to allow flexible motion between vertebrae and act as a mechanical shock absorber.
- 61. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 60, wherein the body has a mechanical ultimate tensile strength greater than 100 kiloPascals.
- 62. (Previously Presented) A disc according to Claim 48, wherein the body can withstand 10 degrees of rotation between the top and bottom faces with torsions of greater than 1 N-m.
- 63. (Currently Amended) A spinal total disc replacement prosthesis having a solid body consisting essentially of a freeze-thaw PVA cryogel that defines a core and annulus with mesh fabric moldably attached to the solid body to define fixation appendages adapted to attach to local vertebrae reside on outer surfaces of the solid body, wherein the core is devoid of internal reinforcing material, and wherein the prosthesis is non-articulating and has an ultimate tensile strength that is greater than about 100 kiloPascals.
- 64. (Currently Amended) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, wherein the body is devoid of <u>rigid</u> endplates and exhibits sufficient flexibility to allow at least 10 degrees

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of rotation between top and bottom faces of the body without failing with torsions of at least about 1 N-m.

- 65. (Currently Amended) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 64, wherein the body has an ultimate stretch in at least one direction of at least about 15%.
- 66. (Currently Amended) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, wherein the body is configured to swell from 5% to six times its original size over 24 hours when placed in a bath of Normal saline the body is unbounded on upper and lower surfaces to allow for axial expansion when placed in a Normal saline solution for about 24 hours.
- 67. (Currently Amended) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, wherein the body is configured to passively change size and can withstand at least about 2 degrees of rotation between the top and bottom faces with torsions of at least 0.1 N-m without failing.
- 68. (Previously Presented) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, wherein the body has an ultimate tensile stretch greater than 25 % in one direction.
- 69. (Currently Amended) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, further comprising a fabric sleeve on an axially extending a band member attached to a circumferential surface thereof.
- 70. (Withdrawn) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, wherein the body has anisotropic elasticity.
- 71. (Previously Presented) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, further comprising a plurality of axially extending tabs of that are attached to the body and extend beyond upper and lower bounds of the body in the axial direction.

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72. (Previously Presented) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, further comprising a mesh material disposed on at least one surface of the solid body.

73. (Previously Presented) A spinal disc prosthesis according to Claim 63, further comprising a fabric molded to the solid body, wherein, in position, the fabric is affixed to vertebral bone.